UAMENTARY AFFAIRS, DEPARTMENTS OF ELECTRONICS AND OCEAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI EDUARDO FALERIO): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The computer systems and associated operating systems now-a-days available in the market have lot of features by which adequate level of security for data in the computer can be maintained. The encryption devices are available which encrypts the data within the computer and the data flowing on a network between the two computers. In addition, user organisations form their own procedures and guidelines for the use of computers and protect data according to their need. This include the password, identification number, authorisation to use the system and physical access. These features are built in the application software over and above the security features of computer hardware and associated operating software. The Government of India had also appointed a committee in 1989 to study the computer viruses which are also classified as a part of the computer crimes. The committee has analysed the type of viruses which can affect the computers and its vulnerability to data networks in India, the committee also prepared guidelines to tackle such viruses. The report of the committee and the guidelines were widely circulated to the major users in the country.

(c) Out of 147 Indian Missions/Posts abroad, 99 were using computers in various areas of their functioning as on 31st March, 1995. As for the remaining Missions/Posts, computers are proposed to be introduced during the current financial year, subject to availability of funds.

**Irregularities in CGHS Dispensary No. 86 at Rohint**

4718. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether CGHS dispensaries are empowered to give substitutes for medicines to patients suffering from serious ailments like cardiac diseases, asthma, flatulance and skin diseases even after these medicines are precribed as 'Essential' by specialist of referral hospitals;

(b) if so, the reasons thereof;

(c) if not, why dispensary No. 86 at Rohini, Delhi has been giving substitutes like Monn for Monotrate-20, Diltiazem for Dilgam, Isosorbide Dinitrate for Angised, Famotidine for Famocide, Sopep for Omez, Cispel or Motilax for Ciza, zallpam for Aizolam, Beton for Betnovate and Kodryl for solvin for the last six months; and

(d) whether Government propose to direct the CGHS dispensaries not to give substitutes for essential medicines?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) As per Government policy and as per Haathi Committee recommendations, single salt items are procured and supplied in generic name. Most of these items mentioned are single salt preparation and hence, supplied in generric name by Medical Store Organisation. Other items like Beton & Kodryl and listed and approved in the formulary. Further, such non-formulary medicines and procured in the same brand name from the local chemist and no complaint has been received in this regard as so far.

(d) Does not arise.

**चिकित्सकों द्वारा निजी प्रैक्टिस करने पर प्रतिबंध**

4719. श्री द्विग्विजय सिंह सिंह सूदेव: क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) देश के कौन-कौन से राज्यों ने सरकारी चिकित्सकों द्वारा निजी प्रैक्टिस करने पर पूर्णतया या आंशिक रूप से प्रतिबंध लगा रखा है;

(ख) निजी प्रैक्टिस पर प्रतिबंध के कारण राज्य सरकारों पर पड़ने वाले अतिरिक्त आर्थिक भार को कम करने के लिये केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा वर्ष 1991-92 से